



Your One-stop MICROBIOME Study

Our sequencing expertise and comprehensive analysis equip you to unlock the microbiome.

16S/18S/ITS Amplicon Metagenomic Sequencing

16S/18S/ITS amplicon metagenomic sequencing is frequently used to identify and differentiate microbial species. Short (<500 bp) hypervariable regions of conserved genes or intergenic regions, such as 16S of bacteria and archaea or 18S/ITS of fungi, are amplified by PCR and analyzed using NGS technology. The resulting sequences are compared against microbial databases.

Advantages & Highlights

- Sequenced over 170,000 samples,
- resulting in nearly 30 published papers.



- 200-500bp insert DNA library;
 Illumina platform PE 250bp;
- 30K/50K/100K reads packages with bioinformatic analysis are available;
- 25 business days from verification of sample quality without data analysis



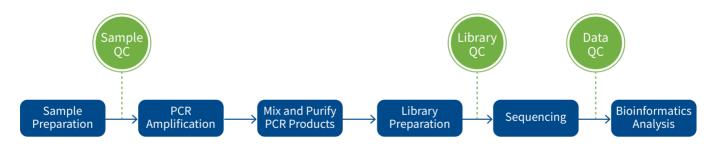
Comprehensive analysis



Provide high-quality sequencing

- Provide expert bioinformatic analysis using the latest sequence databases and software
- Generate high-quality, publication-ready data

Project Workflow



Effective

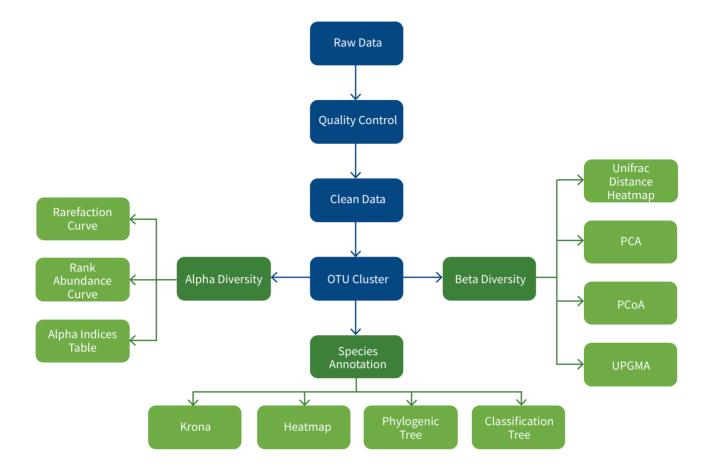
methodology

03

Sample Requirements

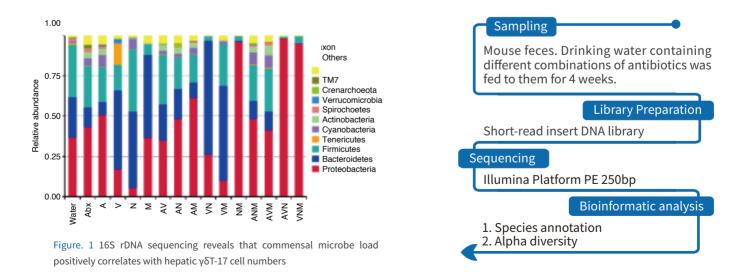
| SAMPLE TYPE AMOUN | | CONCENTRATION | VOLUME | PURITY | |
|-------------------|----------|---------------|---------|--|--|
| Genomic DNA | ≥ 150 ng | ≽5 ng/μL | ≥ 30 μl | OD260/280=1.8-2.0, no degradation or RNA contamination | |

Analysis Pipeline



Novogene Client Publication

The microbiota maintains homeostasis of liver-resident $\gamma\delta T$ -17 cells in a lipid antigen/CD1d-dependent manner (Li *et al,* 2017)



Reference:Li F, Chen Y, Bai L, et al. The microbiota maintains homeostasis of liver-resident $\gamma \delta T$ -17 cells in a lipid antigen/CD1d-dependent manner. Nature Communication 8: 13839 (2017)

Shotgun Metagenomic Sequencing

In shotgun metagenomic sequencing, genomes from environmental samples are analyzed without the prior isolation and cultivation of individual species; therefore, it is a powerful technique for studying microbial communities in their natural habitat, with a broad range of applications. At Novogene, our customers can rely on our expertise in Next Generation Sequencing (NGS) to help them explore the rich genetic repertoire of microbial communities, while also benefiting from our bioinformatics expertise to help identify the species, genes, and pathways represented in their samples. Novogene provides metagenomic sequencing service with an Illumina HiSeq platform and an assembly-first strategy. Additionally, our bioinformatics analyses provide gene predictions, functional annotations, and taxonomic annotations. Our standard analysis package includes, mPATH, heatmaps, PCA, cluster analysis, and other programs, generating high-quality, publication-ready data.

Advantages & Highlights



Highly experienced

We have completed over 400 metagenomic sequencing projects for our customers and have published multiple metagenomic papers.



Outstanding service

We provide high-quality sequencing, an efficient standard workflow, and bioinformatics analyses at cost-effective prices.



Effective methodology

350bp insert DNA library, Illumina platform PE 150bp. For each sample, 6Gb and 12Gb packages are available, with Q30 \geq 80%.



Comprehensive analysis

Expert bioinformatics analyses with three databases (KEGG, eggNOG, and CAZy) provides comprehensive data on annotated genes and metabolic pathways.

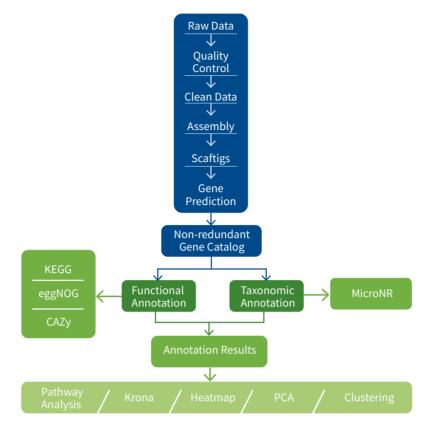
Project Workflow



Sample Requirements

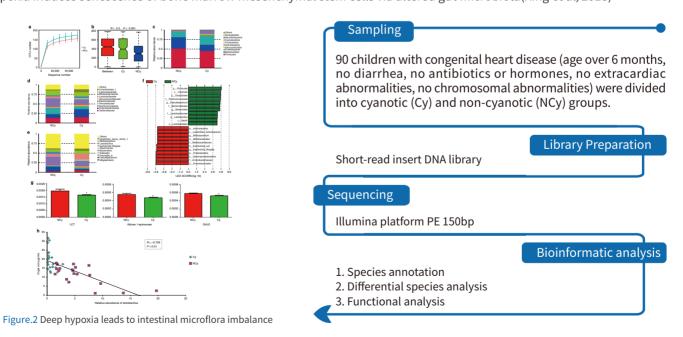
| Sample Type | Amount | Concentration | Volume | Purity | |
|-------------|---------|---------------|--------|--|--|
| Genomic DNA | ≥ 300ng | ≥ 5ng/μL | ≥ 20μl | OD 260/280=1.8-2.0, no degradation or RNA contamination | |

Analysis Pipeline



Novogene Client Publication

Hypoxia induces senescence of bone marrow mesenchymal stem cells via altered gut microbiota(Xing et al, 2018)



Reference: Xing J, Ying Y, Mao C, et al. Hypoxia induces senescence of bone marrow mesenchymal stem cells via altered gut microbiota[J]. Nature Communication, 2018, 9(1):2020.

De novo Sequencing

Using *de novo* sequencing to obtain the genomic information of microbes provides a fresh start for exploring the genetic structure and functions, studying the evolutionary origin of microbial populations, as well as developing potential applications of these abundant microbes in medicine, disease, agriculture, and environment. For the microbial genome, Novogene offers *de novo* sequencing service using both PacBio and Illumina platforms. We provide multifaceted sequencing services including genome survey, frame map, complete map, and fine map tailored to different research needs. For each project, our scientists will design the best sequencing strategy utilizing an optimal combination of short reads and long-range sequencing information to achieve the most comprehensive *de novo* assembly results for your genome of interest.

Project Workflow



Sequencing Strategy & Data Quality Guarantee

| GENOME CHARACTERISTICS | SEQUENCING PLATFORM | SEQUENCING STRATEGY | DELIVERED DATA PARAMETERS | APPLICATION | TURNAROUND TIME (TAT) |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--------------------------------|
| Microbial genome frame map | Illumina PE150 | 350 bp insert DNA library ≥ 100X | | Large scale of samples, fast scanning | Start from 30 business days |
| Bacteria complete map | PacBio Sequel I | ≥ 100X PacBio reads | 1 Scaffold, 0 gap | Small number of bacteria samples, fine mapping | Start from 45 business days |
| Fungus fine map (with free survey) | PacBio Sequel I& Illumina PE150 | ≥ 50X Illumina reads +≥ 100X PacBio reads | Contig N50 ≥ 1Mb (genome size < 100 Mb) Contig N50 > 500Kb (genome size ≥ 500 Kb) | Small number of fungus samples, fine mapping | Start from 45 business days |

Sample Requirements

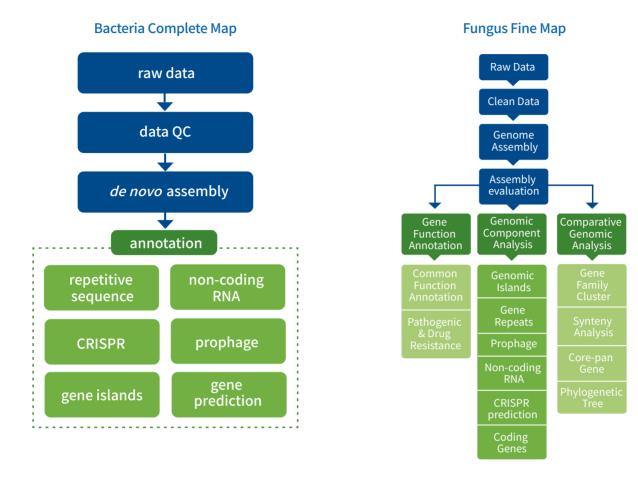
DNA amount for survey: ≥ 1 μg

DNA amount for genome de novo sequencing per library: $\geq 1 \,\mu g$ (for Illumina sequencing) and $\geq 10 \,\mu g$ (for PacBio sequencing)

DNA concentration: \geq 20 ng/ μ L (for Illumina sequencing) and \geq 100 ng/ μ L (for PacBio sequencing)

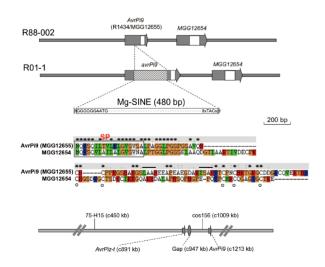
Purity: No degradation, no DNA contamination

Analysis Pipeline



Novogene Client Publication

Comparative genomics identifies the *Magnaporthe oryzae* avirulence effector *AvrPi9* that triggers *Pi9*-mediated blast resistance in rice(Wu *et al*, 2015)



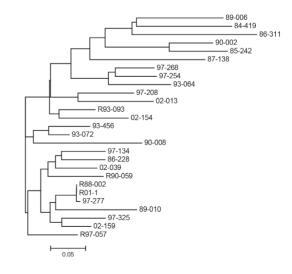


Figure. 3 Through comparative genomic analysis of *R01-1* and *B88-002* strains, a Mg-SINE insertion sequence of *AvrPi9* gene was found in *R01-1*, which affected the *AvrPi9* gene and inhibited the resistance mechanism mediated by *Pi9* gene in rice.

Figure. 4 Statistics of $de\ novo$ assembly and annotation results of R01-1 and R88-002

Sampling: R01-1 (ancestral strain) and B88-022 (closely related non-toxic strain)

Library Preparation: 350bp insert DNA library

Sequencing: Illumina platform PE 150bp

Bioinformatic Analysis: *De novo* assembly, Evolutionary analysis based on amplification products, Genome assembly annotation, Comparative genomic analysis

Reference: Wu J, Kou Y, Bao J, et al. Comparative genomics identifies the *Magnaporthe oryzae* avirulence effector *AvrPi9* that triggers *Pi9*-mediated blast resistance in rice[J]. *New phytologist*, 2015, 206(4): 1463-1475.



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