## Nøvogene

# Eukaryotic mRNA Sequencing



The use of next-generation sequencing (NGS) technology for mRNA-Seq allows researchers to analyze the continuous change of the cellular transcriptome. At Novogene, we use the state-of-the-art Illumina platform for all mRNA-Seq projects. We offer advanced, affordable, and comprehensive solutions for research relating to gene profiling and functions, structural analyses, and more. Our highly experienced bioinformaticians use widely accepted mainstream software and a mature in-house pipeline. Our standard or customized data analysis packages come with publication-ready results to meet virtually any project request.

## **Novogene Advantages**

- More than 200,000 samples successfully sequenced at an industry-leading turnaround time
- Extraordinary NGS intelligent delivery system applied to provide more efficient and reliable services
- Exceptional data quality guarantee (Q30≥80%, exceeding Illumina's benchmarks)
- Free in-house bioinformatics software to visualize data flexibly

## **Project Workflow**



## Service Highlights



#### 14 Turnaround Time

As fast as 14 business days after sample quality verification

#### Bioinformatics Analysis

Disease-oriented analysis content (fusion gene, oncogene analysis and more) specially catered for human and mouse mRNA sequencing projects

## **Bioinformatics Analysis Pipeline**



Standard analysis process for species of human and mouse. Customized analysis is also available. Please contact us for details.

### **Novogene Powered Literature**

Drosophila histone demethylase KDM5 regulates social behavior through immune control and gut microbiota maintenance

**Background:** Increasing evidence suggests that gut microbiota can affect the symptoms of intellectual disability (ID) and autism spectrum disorder (ASD) diseases. Host genes influence the composition of gut microbiota, but the molecular mechanisms that regulate host-commensal microbiota homeostasis remain mostly unknown.

#### Results

kdm5<sup>K6801/10424</sup> flies showed a decrease on KDM5 protein and mRNA expression (Figure 1) in intestinal tissue. Which it was

also associated with an increase in histone H3 lysine 4 trimethylation (H3K4me3).

The gut microbiota of kdm5<sup>K6801/10424</sup> flies had a lower number of observed species compared to the wild type (Figures 2A and 2B). The gut microbiota of kdm5<sup>K6801/10424</sup> flies showed increased levels of Proteobacteria and decreased levels of Firmicutes (Figure 2C).





Figure 1. Transcription levels of kdm5 in intestine tissues from wild type(wt) and kdm5  $^{\rm K6801/10424}$  flies using RNA-seq analysis.

Figure 2 (A). Observed bacterial species' richness in gut samples from wt and kdm5<sup>K6801/10424</sup> flies. (B). Overlap of observed bacterial operational taxonomic units (OTUs) in gut samples from wt and kdm5<sup>K6801/10424</sup> flies. (C). Hierarchical clustering of wt and kdm5<sup>K6801/10424</sup> flies

**Conclusion:** This study used a genetic approach to dissect the role of KDM5 in the gut-microbiome-brain axis. It suggests that modifying the gut microbiome may provide therapeutic benefits for ID and ASD patients.

**Reference:** Chen Kun, Luan XT, Liu QS, *et al.* Drosophila histone demethylase KDM5 regulates social behavior through immune control and gut microbiota maintenance [J]. *Cell Host & Microbe*, 2019, 25 (4): 537–552

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